

The **18th Annual Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Compliance Congress** in Washington DC featured an array of government representatives and industry thought leaders who provided ideas and best practices for building and maintaining a modern and effective compliance program. Here's our key takeaways from two busy days of presentations:

# The View from the Government

#### OIG and DOJ

- Patient Assistance Programs need to be conducted independently (do not share information)
- Failure to comply with Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategies (REMS) leads to off-label marketing
- When you don't have sufficient resources to address risks, you have a problem
- Don't measure effectiveness by number of people trained
- · Measure what employees know before and after training
- Concerns raised repeatedly become problems over the course of years
- Compliance programs should be dynamic, evolving and responsive
- Make sure what's on paper is being internalized, operationalized, and pushed by key leaders
- Training must be early and constant and include documentation

## **FCPA** Enforcement

- International partners are cooperating more with the DOJ on FCPA enforcement
- DOJ doesn't investigate based on size of the company
- Tips and whistleblowers come in all shapes and sizes, including small companies
- DOJ considers if problem is emblematic of a larger corporate problem
- Everyone must understand how compliance fits into their roles
  - Make compliance part of employee reviews and bonuses

# The US Attorneys

- Trend toward more compliance and higher-level employees as relators
- · Agencies are analyzing data sets to look for outliers
- Were HCPs top prescribers before they became top paid speakers?
- Be careful about incentive compensation plans
- Communicate the limits to vendors, in writing



#### The FDA

- Product communications that lack evidentiary support are likely to be false and cause harm
- If communication relies on a study that is inadequate to support suggestions, disclosing limitations of study doesn't correct misleading message
- Messaging must comply with FDCA
- Healthcare Economic Information must relate to an approved indication





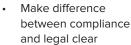
# The View from the Industry

#### Strengthening the Compliance Program

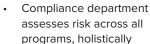
- · Compliance is not a checklist, one size does not fit all
- Look for specific risks related to the product
- · Change the monitoring program to match changes in risk
- Are your decisions aligned with your values?
- · Be motivated by what's in the patients' best interests
- Know how you're going to address issues before they exist
- Educate the businesses about the type of third parties that are of concern
- Plan for the local nuances related to transparency around the world
- Make sure everyone across the company feels connected
- What are the right resources for the right markets?
- Keep responsibility on the country level, with in-country management teams
- Look for patterns, focus on the data
- Board diversity improves decision making around risk
- Create an ethical checklist for decision making
- · Give employees ability to say I made a mistake, help me fix it
- Ask questions to help business understand what they're trying to accomplish, propose solution to mitigate the risk

### Think Globally

 Do you understand the local cultures where your company is doing business?

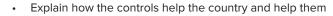


 Law department advises on risks of programs



 Interview third parties and check their references

 Push policies out at a high level and explain the "why"



· Get buy in from local leadership





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